



Tartesso West Community Facilities District Annual Financial Report

City of Buckeye Year Ended June 30, 2021

Issued by: City of Buckeye Finance Department

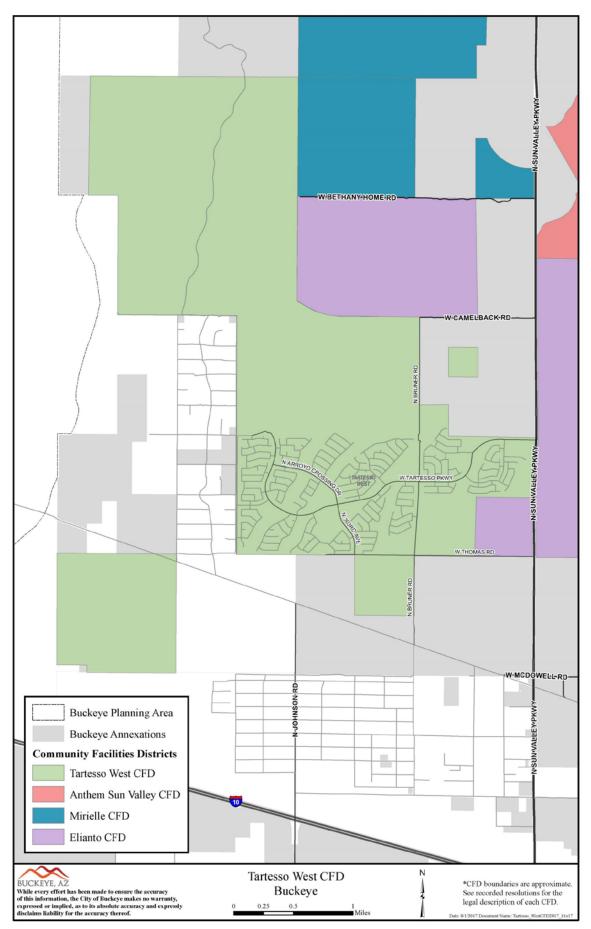


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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Tartesso West Community Facilities District

Report on Audit of Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Tartesso West Community Facilities District (District), a component unit of the City of Buckeye, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Tartesso West Community Facilities District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of Tartesso West Community Facilities District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information, as listed in the table of contents, does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on other work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Heinfeld Meach & Co. PC

Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C. Scottsdale, Arizona November 29, 2021

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



TARTESSO WEST COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2021

	 Governmental Activities		
ASSETS	 _		
Cash and investments	\$ 767,686		
Receivables, net	 28,016		
Total assets	795,702		
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	686		
Matured debt interest payable	98,461		
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	390,000		
Due in more than one year	 5,285,000		
Total liabilities	5,774,147		
Net position:			
Unrestricted	 (4,978,445)		
Total net position	\$ (4,978,445)		

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Functions/Programs		E	xpenses	R (et (Expense) devenue and Changes in Net Position overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:	_				
General government		\$	16,291	\$	(16,291)
Interest on long-term debt			196,922		(196,922)
Total governmental activities			213,213		(213,213)
		neral r Taxes:	evenues:		
		Prope	erty taxes		634,766
	To	tal gen	eral revenues		634,766
	Ch	ange ir	net position		421,553
	Ne	t positi	on - beginning		(5,399,998)
	Ne	t positi	on - ending	\$	(4,978,445)

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2021

						Total
					Gov	vernmental
		General	De	bt Service	Funds	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	123,402	\$	644,284	\$	767,686
Receivables, net						
Intergovernmental		1,793		26,223		28,016
Total assets	\$	125,195	\$	670,507	\$	795,702
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	686	\$	-	\$	686
Matured debt principal payable		-		390,000		390,000
Matured debt interest payable				98,461		98,461
Total liabilities		686		488,461		489,147
Fund balances:						
Restricted						
Debt service		_		182,046		182,046
Unassigned		124,509		102,040		124,509
Total fund balances	-	124,509		182,046		306,555
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	125,195	\$	670,507	\$	795,702

TARTESSO WEST COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

Total governmental fund balances

\$ 306,555

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Some liabilities, including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current year and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Bonds payable

Total net position of governmental activities

(5,285,000) \$ (4,978,445)

TARTESSO WEST COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General	De	bt Service	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES	 	200000000000			
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 44,907	\$	589,859	\$	634,766
Total revenues	44,907		589,859		634,766
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	16,291		-		16,291
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-		390,000		390,000
Interest and fiscal charges	_		196,922		196,922
Total expenditures	16,291		586,922		603,213
Not also as in found belower	20.646		2.027		24 552
Net change in fund balances	28,616		2,937		31,553
Fund balances - beginning	95,893		179,109		275,002
Fund balances - ending	\$ 124,509	\$	182,046	\$	306,555

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 31,553

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The issuance of long-term debt increases long-term liabilities on the statement of net position and the repayment of principal on long-term debt reduces long-term debt on the statement of net position. Likewise, refunding and defeasance of existing debt reduces the balance of long-term debt without adding additional debt. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when the debt is first issued, whereas these items are deferred and amortized over the term of the long-term debt in the statement of activities.

Principal payments on long-term debt

390,000

Change in net position of governmental activities

421,553

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL- GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			Actu	al Amount	Variance Between Final Budget and		
	A	dopted		Final	Budgetary Basis		Actual Amounts	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	85,092	\$	85,092	\$	44,907	\$	(40,185)
Total revenues		85,092		85,092		44,907		(40,185)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		21,500		21,500		16,291		5,209
Highway and streets		50,000		50,000		-		50,000
Contingency		13,592		13,592		-		13,592
Total expenditures		85,092		85,092		16,291		68,801
Net change in fund balances		-		-		28,616		28,616
Fund balances - beginning						95,893		95,893
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	124,509	\$	124,509

Notes to Financial Statements - Year Ended June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Tartesso West Community Facilities District (District) is a special purpose district created specifically to acquire or construct public infrastructure within specific areas of the City of Buckeye, Arizona, and is authorized under state law to issue general obligation (GO) or revenue bonds to be repaid by property (ad valorem) taxes levied on property within the District (for GO debt), or by specific revenues generated within the District (revenue bonds). The District was created by petition to the city council by property owners within the area to be covered by the District, and debt may be issued only after approval of voters within the District.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District, a component unit of the City of Buckeye, Arizona (City), was established (November 2, 2004), and is a political subdivision of the State of Arizona as well as a municipal corporation by Arizona Law. The City Council serves as the Board of Directors. All transactions of the District are included in the City's financial statements. However, the City has no liability for the debt.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the District as a whole. The reported information includes all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of internal activity has been removed from these statements. These statements are to distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities normally are supported by tax revenues, and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District does not have any business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, investment income and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. As a general rule, the effect of internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are

recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due. As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles, the District applies the "early recognition" option for debt service payments. Property tax resources are provided in Debt Service Fund during the current year for the payment of debt service principal and interest due early in the following year (less than one month). Therefore the expenditures and related liabilities have been recognized.

Property taxes and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Delinquent property taxes and other receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as unavailable revenues on the governmental fund financial statements.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

The District reports all funds as major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all resources used to finance District maintenance and operations except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

D. Cash and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the District to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, interest-bearing savings account, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; bonds or other obligations of the U.S. government that are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government; and bonds of the State of Arizona counties, cities, school districts, and special districts as specified by statute.

Cash represents amounts in demand deposits and amounts held in trust by financial institutions. The funds held in trust are available to the District upon demand. Cash equivalents as defined as short-term (original maturities of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are 1) readily convertible to known amounts of cash and 2) so near maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

E. Investment Income

Investment income is comprised of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". All receivables, including property taxes receivable, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

G. Property Taxes

The County Treasurer is responsible for collecting property taxes for all governmental entities within the county. The District levies real property taxes on or before the third Monday in August, which become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes

delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

Pursuant to A.R.S., a lien against assessed real property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy, however according to case law, an enforceable legal claim to the asset does not arise.

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

I. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Deferred amounts on refunding result from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. Net Position Flow Assumption

In the government-wide financial statements the District applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted amounts are available.

K. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

L. Budgetary Data

According to state statutes, the District must adopt a budget on an annual basis. There are no statutory spending limitation but the District cannot spend more than actual revenues collected plus carryover unrestricted cash balance from the prior fiscal year. There were no supplemental budgetary appropriations made during the year.

M. Deficit Net Position

As described previously, the District was formed to finance and acquire or construct infrastructure assets that are subsequently dedicated to the City for operation. The District does not own or operate infrastructure. Therefore, the Statement of Net Position reflects a large liability without an offsetting asset.

NOTE 2 – FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

<u>Nonspendable</u>. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted.</u> Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed.</u> The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of Directors.

<u>Assigned.</u> Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Directors or a management official delegated that authority by the formal Governing Board action. The District has adopted the City's policy on which only the Board of Directors or the District's Treasurer may assign amounts for specific purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u>. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits.</u> Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. Bank balances are uninsured and uncollateralized. The cash is in a repurchase sweep agreement rather than held as a deposit. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits and bank balance was \$767,686.

NOTE 4 – GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS PAYABLE

The District is a special purpose district created specifically to acquire or construct public infrastructure within specific areas of the City of Buckeye, Arizona. The District is authorized under state law to issue special assessment (SA) revenue bonds to be repaid by the property within the SA District, general obligation (GO) bonds to be repaid by property (ad valorem) taxes levied on property within the District (for GO debt), or revenue bonds to be repaid by specific revenues generated within the District (revenue bonds). The District has \$166.1 million of authorized GO bonds authority remaining. The District was created by petition to the City Council by property owners within the area to be covered by the District. The District comprises approximately 5,396 acres.

General Obligation Bonds

The CFD Board of Directors has pledged revenue derived from property taxes levied on the real property of the Tartesso West CFD to repay \$6,430,000 in general obligation refunding bonds issued August 2018. The proceeds of

the refunding bonds were used to refund \$6,221,000 of outstanding Series 2005 and 2007 general obligation bonds. The bonds are payable from property taxes levied on properties within the District. The total principal remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$5,285,000. The total principal paid during the year was \$390,000

The following table shows interest rate, maturity date, original issue amount, amount outstanding, and all debt issued by the District.

Purpose	Interest Rates (%)	Matures	Original Issue Amount	Amount Outstanding
Tartesso West General Obligation Bonds, Refunding, Series 2018 (private placement) Total Tartesso	3.47%	July 2032	6,430,000 6,430,000	5,285,000 5,285,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation bonds at year-end are summarized as follows:

Fiscal Year	Private Placement					
Ending	Principal	Interest				
2022	405,000	183,390				
2023	415,000	169,336				
2024	430,000	154,936				
2025	445,000	140,014				
2026	465,000	124,573				
2027-31	2,555,000	370,943				
2032-36	570,000	19,779				
	\$5,285,000	\$ 1,162,971				

NOTE 5 – CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the current fiscal year was as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

	July 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2021	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds payable:					
General Obligations	5,675,000	-	(390,000)	5,285,000	-
Total bonds payable	\$ 5,675,000	\$ -	\$ (390,000)	\$ 5,285,000	\$ -

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters. The District's insurance protection is provided by the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool, of which the District is a participating member. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool is structured such that member premiums are based on an actuarial review that will provide adequate reserves to allow the pool to meet its expected financial obligations. The pool has authority to assess its member's additional premiums should reserves and annual premium be insufficient to meet the pool's obligations.

NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 20, 2021, the Tartesso West Community Facility District Board approved the Feasibility Report in connection with the proposed issuance by the District of its General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021 in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$7,310,000. This report has been prepared for consideration of the feasibility and benefits of certain public infrastructure. The closing was September 30, 2021 and the final amount was \$7,310,000.



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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts						Varia	ance Between
					Actu	ual Amount	Final Budget and	
		Adopted		Final	Budgetary Basis		Actual Amounts	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	614,182	\$	614,182	\$	589,859	\$	(24,323)
Developer agreements		220,938		220,938		-		(220,938)
Total revenues		835,120		835,120		589,859		(245,261)
EXPENDITURES								
Debt Service								
Principal retirement		375,000		375,000		390,000		(15,000)
Interest and fiscal charges		431,373		431,373		196,922		234,451
Contingency		195,872		195,872		-		195,872
Total expenditures		1,002,245		1,002,245		586,922		415,323
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Bonds Issued		5,000,000		5,000,000		-		(5,000,000)
Transfers out		(5,000,000)		(5,000,000)		-		5,000,000
Total other financing sources and uses				-		-		-
Net change in fund balances		(167,125)		(167,125)		2,937		170,062
Fund balances - beginning		167,125		167,125		179,109		11,984
Fund balances - ending	\$	- ,	\$	-	\$	182,046	\$	182,046

OTHER INFORMATION



Ad Valorem Taxation in the District

The tables below are shown to indicate (a) for fiscal years FY15-16 through FY20-21, the Net Assessed Limited Property Value of the District, utilizing new constitutional and statutory property valuation requirements, and (b) for fiscal years FY11-12 through FY14-15, the then-applicable, but now-replaced, Net Secondary Assessed Valuations of the District.

(a) The Full Cash Value and Net Assessed Limited Property Value of taxable property within the boundaries of the District for fiscal years FY15-16 through FY20-21 are as follows:

		Net Assessed Limited Property
Fiscal Year	Full Cash Value	Value
FY 20-21	\$417,944,171	\$28,377,103
FY 19-20	306,145,850	20,383,806
FY 18-19	245,266,620	16,631,429
FY 17-18	199,235,040	13,747,394
FY 16-17	177,580,575	13,207,612
FY 15-16	162,712,777	12,714,470

(b) The Full Cash Value and Net Secondary Assessed Valuation of taxable property within the boundaries of the District for the indicated fiscal year is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Full Cash Value	Net Secondary Assessed Value
FY 14-15	\$127,507,293	\$13,508,234
FY 13-14	112,319,353	12,389,567
FY 12-13	122,712,121	12,970,266
FY 11-12	127,052,927	13,418,264

Net Assessed Valuation by Property Classification

The table below is shown to indicate for fiscal years FY19-20 and FY20-21, the Net Assessed Limited Property Values by property classification for the District, utilizing new constitutional and statutory property valuation requirements.

Net Assessed Limited Property Values by Property Classification

		Fiscal Year	Percent of	Fiscal Year	Percent of
Legal Class	Description	FY 19-20	Total	FY 20-21	Total
1	Commercial/Industrial	\$1,489,787	7.31%	\$1,664,459	5.87%
2	Agricultural/Vacant	1,623,320	7.96%	1,322,968	4.66%
3	Residential	14,046,164	68.91%	21,596,610	76.11%
4	Residential Rental	3,224,535	15.82%	3,793,066	13.37%
	Total	\$20,383,806	100.00%	\$28,377,103	100.00%

Net Assessed Property Values of Major Taxpayers

The tables below are shown to indicate for fiscal years FY19-20 and FY20-21, the major property taxpayers located within the District, and their FY19-20 and FY20-21 Net Assessed Limited Property Value, utilizing new constitutional and statutory property valuation requirements, and their relative proportion of the total Net Assessed Limited Property Value for the District.

Fiscal Year 20-21

	Net Assessed	As Percent of District's	
	Limited Property	Total Net Assessed	
Taxpayer	Value	Limited Property Value	
TRANSWESTERN PIPELINE COMPANY LLC	\$995,430	3.51%	
D R HORTON INC	806,652	2.84%	
ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY	555,827	1.96%	
FROM LITTLE ACORNS GROW LLC	292,537	1.03%	
MARC SUN VALLEY LLC	85,773	0.30%	
BRUENER & CAMELBACK 145 LLC	72,359	0.25%	
TOEWS ORRIN/ESTELLA	61,077	0.22%	
TAH MS BORROWER LLC	52,935	0.19%	
2005 R E INVESTMENTS II LLC	36,466	0.13%	
TAH 2018-1 BORROWER LLC	34,257	0.12%	
Total	2,993,313	10.55%	

Fiscal Year 19-20

	Net Assessed	As Percent of District's	
	Limited Property	Total Net Assessed	
Taxpayer	Value	Limited Property Value	
D R HORTON INC	\$1,249,515	6.13%	
TRANSWESTERN PIPELINE COMPANY LLC	989,482	4.85%	
ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY	443,523	2.18%	
FROM LITTLE ACORNS GROW LLC	307,148	1.51%	
MARC SUN VALLEY LLC	81,689	0.40%	
TOEWS ORRIN/ESTELLA	58,168	0.29%	
TAH MS BORROWER LLC	50,414	0.25%	
TAH 2018-1 BORROWER LLC	32,627	0.16%	
TARTESSO WEST MULTI FAMILY LLC	27,887	0.14%	
BIG KAHUNA PROPERTIES LLC	27,232	0.13%	
Total	\$3,267,685	16.04%	

Record of Taxes Levied and Collected in the District

Under Arizona law, the Board of Supervisors of the County is required to establish and levy a tax in an amount sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements of the District. Property taxes are levied and collected on property within the District by the Treasurer of the County on behalf of the District. The following table sets forth the tax collection records of the District for the periods shown:

	Real and Secured	Collected to June 30 th (b)(c)		Total Collections (b)(c)	
	Personal				
	Property Tax		Percent of Tax		Percent of Tax
Fiscal Year	Levy (a)	Amount	Levy	Amount	Levy
2020-21	\$699,274	\$634,767	90.78%	\$634,767	90.78%
2019-20	689,075	685,017	99.41%	685,017	99.41%
2018-19	725,329	717,661	98.94%	720,553	98.94%
2017-18	686,504	679,411	98.97%	686,312	98.97%
2016-17	707,079	699,586	98.94%	715,408	98.94%

- (a) Tax levy is as reported by the Treasurer of the County as of August of each fiscal year. Amount does not include adjustments made to levy amounts after the August period.
- (b) Reflects collections made through June 30, the end of the fiscal year, on such year's levy. Property taxes are payable in two installments. The first installment is due on October 1 and becomes delinquent on November 1, but is waived if the full tax year's taxes are paid in full by December 31. The second installment becomes due on March 1 and is delinquent on May 1. Interest at the rate of 16 percent per annum attaches on first and second installments following their delinquent dates. Penalties for delinquent payments are not included in the above collection figures.
- (c) Reflects collections made through June 30, 2021.

Overlapping General Obligation Bonded Indebtedness

Overlapping general obligation bonded indebtedness is shown below including a breakdown of each overlapping jurisdiction's applicable general obligation bonded indebtedness, Net Assessed Limited Property Value and combined tax rate per \$100 Net Assessed Limited Property Value. Outstanding bonded indebtedness is comprised of general obligation bonds outstanding and general obligation bonds schedule for sale. The applicable percentage of each jurisdiction's assessed valuation which lies within the District's boundaries was derived from information obtained from the Assessor of the County.

			Dranartian An	nlicable to the	
			Proportion Ap		
			District		- 0 .
					Tax Rate per
					\$100 of Net
		Net			Assessed
	Net Assessed	Outstanding			Limited
Direct and Overlapping	Limited Property	Bonded Debt	Approx.		Property
Jurisdiction	Value	(a)	Percent	Net Amount	Value
State of Arizona	\$69,914,507,682	None	0.041%	None	None
Maricopa County	45,704,969,813	None	0.062%	None	\$2.2273 (b)
Maricopa County					
Community College					
District	45,704,969,813	\$250,065,000	0.062%	\$155,259	1.2881
Maricopa County Special					
Health Care District	45,822,046,238	673,195,000	0.062%	416,902	0.3046
West Maricopa					
Education Center District					
No. 402	16,833,710,370	157,075,000	0.169%	264,786	0.1655
Saddle Mountain Unified					
School Distrinct No. 90	764,118,079	53,105,000	3.714%	1,972,164	2.7142
City of Buckeye	558,013,165	None	5.085%	None	1.7890
Tartesso West					
Community Facilities					
District	28,377,103	5,675,000	100.000%	5,675,000	2.4644
Total Net Direct and Overlapping General Obligation Bonded Debt \$8,484,112					\$10.9531

Source: Maricopa County Tax Levy and State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll.

- (a) Outstanding bonded debt for various jurisdictions is as of June 30, 2021.
- (b) The County's tax rate includes the \$0.1400 tax rate of the Central Arizona Project, the \$0.1792 tax rate of the Maricopa County Flood Control District, the \$0.0556 tax rate of the Maricopa County Free Library, the \$0.0090 tax rate for the contribution to the Maricopa County Fire District, the \$0.4426 tax rate of the County Education Equalization and the \$1.4009 tax rate of the County. It should be noted that the County Flood Control District does not levy taxes on personal property.