



Westpark Community Facilities District Annual Financial Report

City of Buckeye Year Ended June 30, 2020 Issued by: City of Buckeye Finance Department

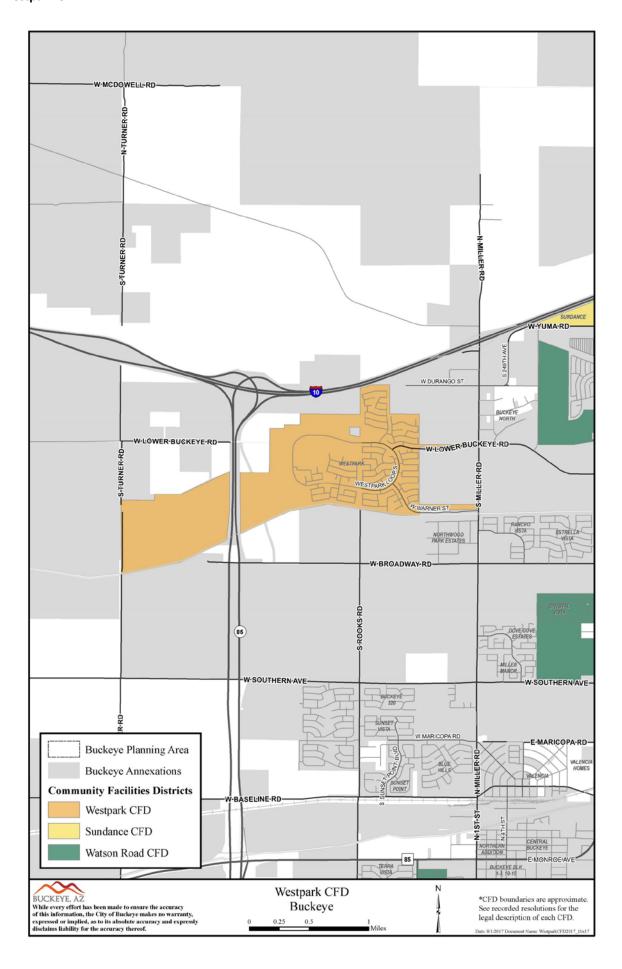


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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
Westpark Community Facilities District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Westpark Community Facilities District (District), a component unit of the City of Buckeye, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Westpark Community Facilities District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information and Other Information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Other Information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C.

Heinfeld Meech & Co. PC

Phoenix, Arizona December 17, 2020

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



WESTPARK COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

	Gov	ernmental/
		Activities
ASSETS		_
Cash and investments	\$	504,415
Receivables, net		805,880
Restricted assets		
Cash with paying agent		148,612
Restricted cash	<u> </u>	143,937
Total assets		1,602,844
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		19,048
Deposits		14,402
Matured debt interest payable		140,777
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year		392,000
Due in more than one year		5,755,121
Total liabilities		6,321,348
Net Position:		
Unrestricted		(4,718,504)
Total net position	\$	(4,718,504)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net (Expense)
Revenue and
Changes in

Functions/Programs	Pro Expenses			m Revenues arges for ervices	— N	Changes in et Position overnmental Activities
Governmental activities General government Highways and streets Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	\$	34,065 4,440 265,659 304,164	\$	15,321 - 50,750 66,071	\$	(18,744) (4,440) (214,909) (238,093)
		eral revenue axes:	s:			
	Ir	Property tax envestment ea				529,762 3,879
		l general rev		533,641		
	Chai	nge in net po	sition			295,548
	Net	position - be	ginning			(5,014,052)
	Net	position - en	ding		\$	(4,718,504)

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

			Debt Service					Total
						General	Go	vernmental
		General	Assessment Obligation			Funds		
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	22,695	\$	68,046	\$	413,674	\$	504,415
Receivables, net								
Taxes		140		-		2,660		2,800
Special Assessments		-		803,080		-		803,080
Restricted Assets								
Cash with paying agent		-		89,942		53,995		143,937
Restricted cash				148,612		-		148,612
Total assets	\$	22,835	\$	1,109,680	\$	470,329	\$	1,602,844
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	5,409	\$	-	\$	13,639	\$	19,048
Deposits		-		14,402		-		14,402
Matured debt principal payable		-		97,000		295,000		392,000
Matured debt interest payable		-		26,252		114,525		140,777
Total liabilities		5,409		137,654		423,164		566,227
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue		-		797,000		_		797,000
Total deferred inflows of resources				797,000		-		797,000
Fund balances:								
Restricted								
Debt service		-		175,026		47,165		222,191
Unassigned		17,426		-		-		17,426
Total fund balances		17,426		175,026		47,165		239,617
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	·							
resources and fund balances	\$	22,835	\$	1,109,680	\$	470,329	\$	1,602,844

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

Total governmental fund balances	\$		239,617
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds.			
Special Assessments			797,000
Some liabilities, including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current year and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Bonds payable	(5,472,000)		
Premiums and discounts	(283,121)		
		(5,	,755,121)

(4,718,504)

Total net position of governmental activities

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Debt Service					Total
			General				Gov	ernmental/
	(General	As	sessment	0	bligation		Funds
REVENUES								
Taxes								
Property taxes	\$	26,581	\$	-	\$	503,181	\$	529,762
Charges for services		15,321		-		-		15,321
Special assessments		-		202,750		-		202,750
Investment earnings				1,915		1,964		3,879
Total revenues		41,902		204,665		505,145		751,712
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		33,565		500		-		34,065
Highway and streets		4,440		-		-		4,440
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		152,000		295,000		447,000
Interest and fiscal charges		2,985		57,120		229,050		289,155
Total expenditures		40,990		209,620		524,050		774,660
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		912		(4,955)		(18,905)		(22,948)
Net change in fund balances		912		(4,955)		(18,905)		(22,948)
Fund balances - beginning		16,514		179,981		66,070		262,565
Fund balances - ending	\$	17,426	\$	175,026	\$	47,165	\$	239,617

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

(22,948)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Some revenues reported in the governmental funds that did not provide current financial resources in prior years have been recognized previously in the statement of activities and therefore are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities.

Special assessments (152,000)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The issuance of long-term debt increases long-term liabilities on the statement of net position and the repayment of principal on long-term debt reduces long-term debt on the statement of net position. Likewise, refunding and defeasance of existing debt reduces the balance of long-term debt without adding additional debt. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when the debt is first issued, whereas these items are deferred and amortized over the term of the long-term debt in the statement of activities.

Principal payments on long-term debt Amortization of premium 447,000

23,496

470,496

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 295,548

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL- GENERAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	 al Amount	Variance Between Final Budget and		
	Α	dopted		Final	etary Basis		al Amounts	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	31,667	\$	31,667	\$ 26,581	\$	(5,086)	
Charges for services		2,000		2,000	 15,321		13,321	
Total revenues		33,667		33,667	 41,902		8,235	
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		30,000		28,900	33,565		(4,665)	
Highway and streets		3,143		4,193	4,440		(247)	
Interest and fiscal charges		-		2,700	2,985		(285)	
Contingency		2,695		45	-		45	
Total expenditures		35,838		35,838	 40,990		(5,152)	
Net change in fund balances		(2,171)		(2,171)	912		3,083	
Fund balances - beginning		2,171		2,171	16,514		14,343	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 17,426	\$	17,426	

Notes to Financial Statements - Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Westpark Community Facilities District (District) is a special purpose district created specifically to acquire or construct public infrastructure within specific areas of the City of Buckeye, Arizona, and is authorized under state law to issue general obligation (GO) or revenue bonds to be repaid by property (ad valorem) taxes levied on property within the District (for GO debt), or by specific revenues generated within the District (revenue bonds). The District was created by petition to the city council by property owners within the area to be covered by the District, and debt may be issued only after approval of voters within the District.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District, a component unit of the City of Buckeye, Arizona (City), was established (November 5, 2002), and is a political subdivision of the State of Arizona as well as a municipal corporation by Arizona Law. The City Council serves as the Board of Directors. All transactions of the District are included in the City's financial statements. However, the City has no liability for the debt.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the District as a whole. The reported information includes all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of internal activity has been removed from these statements. These statements are to distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities normally are supported by tax revenues, and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District does not have any business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, investment income and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. As a general rule, the effect of internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> — Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District

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considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due. As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles, the District applies the "early recognition" option for debt service payments. Property tax resources are provided in Debt Service Fund during the current year for the payment of debt service principal and interest due early in the following year (less than one month). Therefore the expenditures and related liabilities have been recognized.

Property taxes and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Delinquent property taxes and other receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as unavailable revenues on the governmental fund financial statements.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

The District reports all funds as major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all resources used to finance District maintenance and operations except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – The Debt Service Funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

D. Cash and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the District to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, interest-bearing savings account, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; bonds or other obligations of the U.S. government that are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government; and bonds of the State of Arizona counties, cities, school districts, and special districts as specified by statute.

Cash represents amounts in demand deposits and amounts held in trust by financial institutions. The funds held in trust are available to the District upon demand. Cash equivalents as defined as short-term (original maturities of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are 1) readily convertible to known amounts of cash and 2) so near maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

E. Investment Income

Investment income is comprised of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds".

All receivables, including property taxes receivable, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

G. Property Taxes

The County Treasurer is responsible for collecting property taxes for all governmental entities within the county. The District levies real property taxes on or before the third Monday in August, which become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May. Pursuant to A.R.S., a lien against assessed real property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy, however according to case law, an enforceable legal claim to the asset does not arise.

H. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the District's bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted cash on the statement of net position and on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

J. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Deferred amounts on refunding result from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Net Position Flow Assumption

In the government-wide financial statements the District applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted amounts are available.

L. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

M. Budgetary Data

The District adopts a budget on an annual basis. There were no supplemental budgetary appropriations made during the year.

NOTE 2 – FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

<u>Nonspendable</u>. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

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<u>Restricted.</u> Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed.</u> The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of Directors.

Assigned. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Directors or a management official delegated that authority by the formal Governing Board action. The District has adopted the City's policy on which only the Board of Directors or the District's Treasurer may assign amounts for specific purposes.

<u>Unassigned.</u> Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 3 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

In the General Fund, the following line item accounts exceeded the amounts budgeted. The Board adopts the expenditure appropriations at the District level. For presentation purposes, we have elected to show any deficits at the line item level within the Fund, all of which was funded by available fund balances within the General Fund.

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance Between
	Adopted	Final	Actual Amount Budgetary Basis	Final Budget and Actual Amounts
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	30,000	28,900	33,565	(4,665)
Highway and streets	3,143	4,193	4,440	(247)
Interest and fiscal charges	-	2,700	2,985	(285)

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits.</u> Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. Bank balances are uninsured and uncollateralized. The unrestricted cash is in a repurchase sweep agreement rather than a deposit. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits and bank balance was \$504,415.

In addition to unrestricted cash balance, the District also maintains deposits with paying agents and trustees. Restricted cash at year end equaled \$292,549 which represents amounts held by the District for future debt service payments.

NOTE 5 - BONDS PAYABLE

Bonds payable at year-end consisted of the following outstanding bonds. Of the total amount originally authorized, \$17,310,000 remains unissued. The bonds are both callable and noncallable with interest payable semiannually. Property taxes from the Debt Service Fund are used to pay bonded debt.

The CFD Board of Directors has pledged revenue derived from an annual assessment on the real property of the West Park CFD (Assessment District 1) to repay \$3,800,000 in special assessment revenue bonds issued May 2005. Proceeds were

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used for infrastructure improvements within the special assessment District. The bonds are payable solely from assessments on the property owners. The total principal remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$797,000. The principal paid for the current year was \$152,000. Principal and interest paid for the current year approximate amounts received from special assessment property owners, which, at times exceed special assessments billed for the year.

The CFD Board of Directors has pledged revenue derived from the property taxes levied on the real property of the West Park CFD to repay \$5,895,000 in general obligation bonds Series 2016, issued November 2016. Proceeds were used to refund the full outstanding amounts of West Park CFD General Obligation Bonds Series 2005 and Series 2006 and advance refund the full outstanding balance of West Park CFD General Obligation Bonds Series 2007. The bonds are payable from property taxes levied on property owners within the District. The total principal remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$4,675,000. The principal paid for the current year was \$295,000.

Purpose	Interest Rates (%)	Matures	Original Issue Amount	Amount Outstanding
West Park Special Assessment Revenue Bonds,				
Series 2005 West Park General Obligation Bonds,	5.55 - 5.9%	July 2029	3,800,000	797,000
Series 2016 Total West Park	4.0% - 5.0%	July 2032	5,895,000 9,695,000	4,675,000 5,472,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation and special assessment bonds at year-end are summarized as follows:

Fiscal Year	Public Offering							
Ending		Principal		Interest				
2021	\$	375,000	\$	264,273				
2022		393,000		247,943				
2023		409,000		230,836				
2024	422,000 212,9							
2025		443,000		194,537				
2026-30		2,455,000		623,051				
2031-35		975,000		73,750				
	\$	5,472,000	\$	1,847,365				

NOTE 6 – CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the current fiscal year was as follows:

	Jı	ıly 1, 2019	In	creases	D	ecreases	Ju	ne 30, 2020	_	Oue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:	-	_						_		
Bonds payable:										
Special Assessments	\$	949,000	\$	-	\$	(152,000)	\$	797,000	\$	-
General Obligations		4,970,000		-		(295,000)		4,675,000		-
Deferred amount on premium		306,617		-		(23,496)		283,121		
Total bonds payable	\$	6,225,617	\$	-	 \$	(470,496)	\$	5,755,121	\$	

NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters. The District's insurance protection is provided by the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool, of which the District is a participating member. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool is structured such that member premiums are based on an actuarial review that will provide adequate reserves to allow the pool to meet its expected financial obligations. The pool has authority to assess its member's additional premiums should reserves and annual premium be insufficient to meet the pool's obligations.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL- SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts						nce Between I Budget and	
		Adopted		Final	Actu	ial Amount	Actual Amounts	
REVENUES								
Special assessments	\$	178,855	\$	178,855	\$	202,750	\$	23,895
Investment earnings		500		500		1,915		1,415
Total revenues		179,355		179,355		204,665		25,310
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		-		5,000		500		4,500
Debt Service:								
Principal retirement		120,000		120,000		152,000		(32,000)
Interest and fiscal charges		58,855		68,855		57,120		11,735
Contingency		166,713		151,713		-		151,713
Total expenditures		345,568		345,568		209,620		135,948
Net change in fund balances		(166,213)		(166,213)		(4,955)		161,258
Fund balances - beginning		166,213		166,213		179,981		13,768
Fund balances - ending	\$	_	\$		\$	175,026	\$	175,026

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL- GENERAL OBLIGATIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	 Budgeted Amounts				Variance Between Final Budget and		
	Adopted		Final	Act	ual Amount	Actu	al Amounts
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$ 513,569	\$	513,569	\$	503,181	\$	(10,388)
Investment earning	-		-		1,964		1,964
Total revenues	 513,569		513,569		505,145		(8,424)
EXPENDITURES							
Debt Service:							
Principal retirement	285,000		285,000		295,000		(10,000)
Interest and fiscal charges	234,750		234,750		229,050		5,700
Contingency	 30,000		30,000		-		30,000
Total expenditures	 549,750		549,750		524,050		25,700
Net change in fund balances	(36,181)		(36,181)		(18,905)		17,276
Fund balances - beginning	 36,181		36,181		66,070		29,889
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	47,165	\$	47,165

OTHER INFORMATION



Ad Valorem Taxation in the District

The tables below are shown to indicate (a) for fiscal years FY15-16 through FY19-20, the Net Assessed Limited Property Value of the District, utilizing new constitutional and statutory property valuation requirements, and (b) for fiscal years FY10-11 through FY14-15, the then-applicable, but now-replaced, Net Secondary Assessed Valuations of the District.

The Full Cash Value and Net Assessed Limited Property Value of taxable property within the boundaries of the District for fiscal years FY15-16 through FY19-20 are as follows:

		Net Assessed Limited Property
Fiscal Year	Full Cash Value	Value
FY 15-16	\$131,406,229	\$8,441,190
FY 16-17	138,836,798	8,646,828
FY 17-18	144,689,925	9,098,560
FY 18-19	165,669,506	9,887,773
FY 19-20	184,523,543	10,244,901

The Full Cash Value and Net Secondary Assessed Valuation of taxable property within the boundaries of the District for the indicated fiscal year is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Full Cash Value	Net Secondary Assessed Value
FY 10-11	\$135,939,480	\$14,503,817
FY 11-12	89,580,562	8,369,471
FY 12-13	86,454,162	8,066,834
FY 13-14	82,709,213	7,627,805
FY 14-15	99,312,134	9,115,120

Net Assessed Valuation by Property Classification

The table below is shown to indicate for fiscal years FY18-19 and FY19-20, the Net Assessed Limited Property Values by property classification for the District, utilizing new constitutional and statutory property valuation requirements.

Net Assessed Limited Property Values by Property Classification

Legal Class	Description	Fiscal Year	Percent of	Fiscal Year	Percent of
		FY 18-19	Total	FY 19-20	Total
1	Commercial/Industrial	\$272,533	2.76%	\$42,529	0.42%
2	Agricultural/Vacant	48,488	0.49%	40,204	0.39%
3	Residential	6,628,829	67.04%	7,118,446	69.48%
4	Residential Rental	2,937,923	29.71%	3,043,722	29.71%
	Total	\$9,887,773	100.00%	\$10,244,901	100.00%

Net Assessed Property Values of Major Taxpayers

The tables below are shown to indicate for fiscal years FY19-20 and FY18-19, the major property taxpayers located within the District, and their FY19-20 and FY18-19 Net Assessed Limited Property Value, utilizing new constitutional and statutory property valuation requirements, and their relative proportion of the total Net Assessed Limited Property Value for the District.

Fiscal Year 19-20

		As Percent of District's Total
	Net Assessed Limited	Net Assessed Limited
Taxpayer	Property Value	Property Value
ARP 2014-1 BORROWER LLC	\$70,001	0.68%
TAH MS BORROWER LLC	48,211	0.47%
BEAZER PRE-OWNED HOMES LLC	36,685	0.36%
AMERICAN RESIDENTIAL LEASING COMPANY LLC	35,646	0.35%
RAMASUBRAMANIAM KRISHNAMANI/KRISHNAMANI P	29,693	0.29%
PROGRESS RESIDENTIAL BORROWER 5 LLC	26,731	0.26%
FLORES MARGARITA	22,154	0.22%
NEWPORT MARK C/LORI J TR	20,961	0.20%
RVCV POINT RIDGE LLC	20,624	0.20%
REGENCY INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES LP	19,697	0.19%
Total	\$330,403	3.23%

Fiscal Year 18-19

	Net Assessed Limited	As Percent of District's Total Net Assessed Limited
Taxpayer	Property Value	Property Value
ARP 2014-1 BORROWER LLC	\$66,666	0.67%
TAH MS BORROWER LLC	45,915	0.46%
BEAZER PRE-OWNED HOMES LLC	34,937	0.35%
AMERICAN RESIDENTIAL LEASING COMPANY LLC	33,948	0.34%
RAMASUBRAMANIAM KRISHNAMANI/KRISHNAMANI P	28,280	0.29%
FLORES MARGARITA	21,099	0.21%
JACK AND GAIL SNYDER REVOCABLE TRUST	20,484	0.21%
NEWPORT MARK C/LORI J TR	19,962	0.20%
RVCV POINT RIDGE LLC	19,642	0.20%
REGENCY INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES LP	18,759	0.19%
Total	\$309,692	3.13%

Record of Taxes Levied and Collected in the District

Under Arizona law, the Board of Supervisors of the County is required to establish and levy a tax in an amount sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements of the District. Property taxes are levied and collected on property within the District by the Treasurer of the County on behalf of the District. The following table sets forth the tax collection records of the District for the periods shown:

	Real and				
	Secured	Collected to June 30 th (b)(c)		Total Collections (b)(c)	
	Personal				
	Property Tax		Percent of Tax		Percent of Tax
Fiscal Year	Levy (a)	Amount	Levy	Amount	Levy
2019-20	\$544,302	\$541,169	99.42%	\$541,169	99.42%
2018-19	543,647	536,469	98.68%	539,429	99.22%
2017-18	608,305	598,829	98.44%	608,296	100.00%
2016-17	572,039	561,760	98.20%	572,039	100.00%
2015-16	530,100	510,545	96.31%	517,267	97.58%
2014-15	511,341	499,422	97.67%	510,707	99.88%

- (a) Tax levy is as reported by the Treasurer of the County as of August of each fiscal year. Amount does not include adjustments made to levy amounts after the August period.
- (b) Reflects collections made through June 30, the end of the fiscal year, on such year's levy. Property taxes are payable in two installments. The first installment is due on October 1 and becomes delinquent on November 1, but is waived if the full tax year's taxes are paid in full by December 31. The second installment becomes due on March 1 and is delinquent on May 1. Interest at the rate of 16 per annum attaches on first and second installments following their delinquent dates. Penalties for delinquent payments are not included in the above collection figures.
- (c) Reflects collections made through June 30, 2020.

Overlapping General Obligation Bonded Indebtedness

Overlapping general obligation bonded indebtedness is shown below including a breakdown of each overlapping jurisdiction's applicable general obligation bonded indebtedness, Net Assessed Limited Property Value and combined tax rate per \$100 Net Assessed Limited Property Value. Outstanding bonded indebtedness is comprised of general obligation bonds outstanding and general obligation bonds scheduled for sale. The applicable percentage of each jurisdiction's assessed valuation which lies within the District's boundaries was derived from information obtained from the Assessor of the County.

	Proportion Applicable to the District						
					Tax Rate per \$100 of Net		
		Net			Assessed		
	Net Assessed	Outstanding			Limited		
Direct and Overlapping	Limited Property	Bonded Debt	Approx.		Property		
Jurisdiction	Value	(a)	Percent	Net Amount	Value		
State of Arizona	\$66,157,223,639	None	0.015%	None	\$0.0000		
Maricopa County (b)	43,194,326,395	None	0.024%	None	2.2418		
Maricopa CCCD	43,194,326,395	\$312,450,000	0.024%	\$74,107	1.3285		
Maricopa County Special Health Care District	42,997,577,641	459,125,000	0.024%	109,394	0.3333		
Western Maricopa Education Center District	15,925,613,792	169,545,000	0.064%	109,068	0.1634		
Buckeye Elementary SD #33	244,830,866	29,360,000	4.184%	1,228,427	5.6629		
Palo Verde Elementary SD #49	25,956,888	None	0.004%	None	3.9274		
Buckeye Union High SD #201	775,635,716	75,135,000	1.321%	992,413	3.3348		
City of Buckeye	486,484,108	None	2.065%	None	1.8000		
Westpark CFD	10,244,901	4,970,000	100.000%	4,970,000	5.3129		
Total Net Direct and Ove	Total Net Direct and Overlapping General Obligation Bonded Debt \$7,483,409						

Source: Maricopa County Tax Levy and State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll.

- (a) Outstanding bonded debt for various jurisdictions is as of June 30, 2020.
- (b) The County's tax rate includes the \$0.1400 tax rate of the Central Arizona Project, the \$0.1792 tax rate of the Maricopa County Flood Control District, the \$0.556 tax rate of the Maricopa County Free Library, the \$0.0095 tax rate for the contribution to the Maricopa County Fire District, the \$0.4566 tax rate of the County Education Equalization and the \$1.4009 tax rate of the County. It should be noted that the County Flood Control District does not levy taxes on personal property.